

Sharing insights

News Alert 5 June 2013



The CBDT notifies new rules for tax withholding on immovable property with a transaction value of INR five million or more under section 194-IA

In Brief

The Finance Act 2013 has introduced under its ambit, section 194-IA, with effect from 1 June 2013, imposing a withholding tax rate of 1% on the payment of consideration for an immovable property (other than an agricultural land), if the consideration value for such a transfer is INR 5 million or more. Section 194-IA is applicable to every person without any exception, and as such it applies even to individuals. The withholding tax will be applicable at the time of credit or payment, whichever is earlier.

New rules notified

The Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) has notified¹ a new set of rules for tax withholding under section 194-IA. It has prescribed procedures for the following:

- Deposit of the withholding tax²
- Issuance of withholding tax certificates³
- Filing statement of withholding tax⁴

¹ Vide Notification no. SO 1404(E), dated 31 May 2013

² Rule 30(2A), 30(6A), 30(7A)

³ Rule 31(3A) and 31(6A)

⁴ Rule 31A(4A)

Salient features of new rules

- The new challan-cum-statement under Form 26QB has been introduced for the purpose of an electronic deposit of the withholding tax, whereas Form 16B has been introduced for the issuance of a withholding tax certificate to either transferor, the payee or the seller.
- Form 26QB also includes details such as the name, address and permanent account number (PAN) of the transferor, payee or seller. No separate withholding tax return is required to be submitted.
- Form 26QB has to be submitted separately for payments made to each transferor, payee or seller, every month.
- The tax deducted under section 194-IA has to be deposited within seven days from the end of the month in which tax has been deducted.
- Form 16B can be downloaded electronically and furnished to the transferor, payee or seller within 15 days of the due date of filing Form 26QB, that is, within 22 days from the end of the month in which tax has been deducted.
- The above compliance do not require the payer to obtain a tax deduction account number (TAN) as the Forms 26QB and 16B, are to be filed using the PAN details of the transferee, the payer or the buyer and the transferor or payee or the seller.

PwC Observations

- As section 194-IA applies to every person (even to individuals), there are apprehensions regarding the burden of compliance which will be put on those buyers of immovable property, who are otherwise not liable to withhold tax.

- The new rules introduced for the implementation of section 194-IA clarifies most of the apprehensions and places minimal compliance on the transferee or the payer or the buyer. The comparative chart is given below:

Particulars	Section 194-IA	Other withholding tax compliances (other than salary)
Time for tax deduction	At the time of credit or payment, whichever is earlier	
Time for deposit of tax	Within seven days from the end of the month in which the tax has been deducted	
TAN	Not required	Required
Withholding tax return	Not required	Required on a quarterly basis
Withholding tax certificate	Within 15 days of the due date of depositing tax	Within 15 days from the due date for furnishing the quarterly TDS return details

- However, buyers will still be required to deposit their tax and also procure the withholding tax certificates electronically. Thus, there will still be some element of additional administrative compliance on buyers of immovable property, having a consideration of INR five million or more.

About PwC

PwC* helps organisations and individuals create the value they're looking for. We are a network of firms in 158 countries with more than 180,000 people who are committed to delivering quality in assurance, tax and advisory services.

PwC India refers to the network of PwC firms in India, having offices in: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Chennai, Delhi NCR, Hyderabad, Kolkata, Mumbai and Pune. For more information about PwC India's service offerings, please visit www.pwc.in.

*PwC refers to PwC India and may sometimes refer to the PwC network. Each member firm is a separate legal entity. Please see www.pwc.com/structure for further details.
Tell us what matters to you and find out more by visiting us at www.pwc.in.



Our offices

For private circulation only

Ahmedabad President Plaza, 1st Floor Plot No 36 Opp Muktidham Derasar Thaltej Cross Road, SG Highway Ahmedabad, Gujarat 380054 Phone +91-79 3091 7000	Bangalore 6th Floor, Millenia Tower 'D' 1 & 2, Murphy Road, Ulsoor, Bangalore 560 008 Phone +91-80 4079 7000	Chennai 8th Floor, Prestige Palladium Bayan 129-140 Greams Road, Chennai 600 006, India Phone +91 44 4228 5000	Hyderabad #8-2-293/82/A/113A Road no. 36, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad 500 034, Andhra Pradesh Phone +91-40 6624 6600	Kolkata 56 & 57, Block DN. Ground Floor, A- Wing Sector - V, Salt Lake. Kolkata - 700 091, West Bengal, India Telephone: +91-033 - 2357 9101/4400 1111 Fax: (91) 033 - 2357 2754
Mumbai PwC House, Plot No. 18A, Guru Nanak Road - (Station Road), Bandra (West), Mumbai - 400 050 Phone +91-22 6689 1000	Gurgaon Building No. 10, Tower - C 17th & 18th Floor, DLF Cyber City, Gurgaon Haryana -122002 Phone : +91-124 330 6000	Pune GF-02, Tower C, Panchshil Tech Park, Don Bosco School Road, Yerwada, Pune - 411 006 Phone +91-20 4100 4444	For more information contact us at, pwctrs.knowledgemangement@in.pwc.com	

This publication has been prepared for general guidance on matters of interest only, and does not constitute professional advice. You should not act upon the information contained in this publication without obtaining specific professional advice. No representation or warranty (express or implied) is given as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this publication, and, to the extent permitted by law, PwCPL, its members, employees and agents accept no liability, and disclaim all responsibility, for the consequences of you or anyone else acting, or refraining to act, in reliance on the information contained in this publication or for any decision based on it. Without prior permission of PwCPL, this publication may not be quoted in whole or in part or otherwise referred to in any documents.

©2013 PricewaterhouseCoopers. All rights reserved. "PwC", a registered trademark, refers to PricewaterhouseCoopers Private Limited (a limited company in India) or, as the context requires, other member firms of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, each of which is a separate and independent legal entity.