No tax withholding required on reimbursement of expenses claimed through separate bills

August 1, 2017

In brief

In a recent decision¹ of the Income-tax Appellate Tribunal (Tribunal) of Cochin, it has been held that no tax withholding was required in respect of reimbursement of expenses paid to a Clearing and Forwarding (C&F) agent, where such reimbursements were claimed through separate bills.

In detail

Facts

- The taxpayer was engaged in manufacturing and selling of centrifuged latex. During the course of reassessment proceedings, it was noticed that the taxpayer had paid C&F charges without withholding tax.
- The taxpayer claimed that such C&F charges were in the nature of reimbursement of expenses incurred by the C&F agent on behalf of the taxpayer, and therefore, it was not liable to withholding tax on such payments. The claim of the taxpayer was rejected and the payment was disallowed under the provisions of section 40(a)(ia)² of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (the Act).
- On appeal before the Commissioner of Incometax (Appeals) [CIT(A)], the taxpayer submitted a statement regarding the amounts given by the taxpayer to the C&F agent as reimbursement of expenses and not C&F charges. Based on the above, the CIT(A) accepted the contentions of the taxpayer and deleted the disallowance, which was contested before the Tribunal by the revenue authorities.

Issue before the Tribunal

Whether the CIT(A) was correct in deleting the disallowance on the ground that the payment constituted reimbursement of expenditure, and hence, not liable to withhold tax?

Revenue's contentions

• The taxpayer had made payment for services

- received from the C&F agent, which were contractual in nature.
- Such payments were not in the nature of reimbursements of expenses and even if it were so, the profits of the C&F agent would have been inbuilt in his billings.

Taxpayer's contentions

The payment was in the nature of reimbursement of expenses, for which separate bills were raised, would not be liable to withholding tax.

Tribunal's ruling

 The documents furnished by the taxpayer clearly showed that the payment made was in the nature of reimbursement of expenses incurred by the C&F agent on behalf of the taxpayer, for which a separate bill was raised.

² Section 40(a)(ia) of the Act provides that in the event of default in deduction or payment of taxes required to be deducted at source under Chapter XVII-B of the Act, the expenditure will not be allowed as deduction while computing income under the head "Profits and Gains from Business or Profession."



¹ I.T.A Nos 224/ Coch/ 2016

- CBDT Circular No. 715 dated 8
 August, 1995, which provides
 clarification on the
 applicability of withholding tax
 provisions, was applicable only
 where consolidated bills were
 raised inclusive of contractual
 payments and reimbursement
 of actual expenditure.
- No withholding tax was required where separate bills were raised by the C&F agent

for claiming of reimbursement of expenses.

The takeaways

- This decision reaffirms the position that payments in the nature of reimbursement of expenses will not attract withholding tax under the provisions of the Act.
- Further, it should also be borne in mind that

reimbursement of expenses is generally understood as expenses incurred on behalf of the taxpayer by the service provider. Such expenses should not have any income element for the service provider.

Let's talk

For a deeper discussion of how this issue might affect your business, please contact your local PwC advisor

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